

Attorney Docket No. P13286-US2  
Customer Number 27045

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

#### **Listing of Claims**

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1-3. (Canceled)

4. (Previously Presented) A method of preprocessing a sequence of video frames, said method comprising the steps of:

receiving the video sequence; and

generating a set of views suitable for algorithmic processing, said generating step including the steps of:

determining a motion estimation between the frames in the video sequence;

selecting a frame for deletion if the motion estimation yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold.

5. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the motion estimation is a global motion estimation.

6. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the motion estimation is a local motion estimation.

7. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 4 further comprising the steps of:

determining shot boundaries of the video sequence;

dividing the video sequence into at least one subsequence of frames, wherein each of the at least one subsequence of frames corresponds to a particular shot in the video sequence;

identifying redundant frames in the at least one subsequence of frames; and

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deleting from the at least one subsequence of frames any frames which are identified as redundant.

8. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the shot boundaries are provided by the camera which captured the video sequence.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the step of determining the shot boundaries comprises the steps of:

correlating adjacent frames in the video sequence after global motion compensation; and

identifying, for each pair of adjacent frames, the second frame in the pair as a beginning of a new shot based on the correlation between the frames in the pair.

10. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 4, wherein the video sequence is received from a video capture device in real-time.

11-12. (Canceled)

13. (Previously Presented) A method of capturing a video sequence comprising the steps of:

receiving video from a video capture device as a sequence of frames;

for each frame in the sequence:

calculating a motion estimation between the frame and a previously accepted frame; and

identifying the frame as redundant if the motion estimation yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold;

accepting frames that are determined not to be redundant; and

storing the accepted frames in a storage device.

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14. (Previously Presented) A method of capturing a video sequence comprising the steps of:

receiving video from a video capture device as a sequence of frames;

for each frame in the sequence:

calculating a motion estimation between the frame and all the previously accepted frames; and

identifying the frame as redundant if the motion estimation yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold;

accepting frames that are determined not to be redundant; and

storing the accepted frames in a storage device.

15. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, further comprising the steps of:

monitoring the rate at which accepted frames are provided to the storage device;

and

providing an indication to the user of the video capture device to decrease the motion of the camera, if the storage device is unable to process the accepted frames at the current rate.

16-28. (Canceled)

29. (Previously Presented) A preprocessor for preprocessing a received sequence of video frames and storing a decimated subset of frames suitable for Structure from Motion processing, said preprocessor comprising:

means for determining a motion estimation between the frames in the video sequence;

means for selecting a frame from the sequence to be intentionally deleted if the motion estimation for the frame and an adjacent frame yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold; and

means for deleting the selected frame.

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30. (Previously Presented) A method of preprocessing a sequence of video frames, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) receiving the video sequence in a preprocessor;
- (b) sequentially analyzing each frame in the sequence to determine whether each frame differs from the previous adjacent frame by a difference that exceeds a predetermined threshold amount;
- (c) storing each analyzed frame that differs from the previous adjacent frame by a difference that exceeds the predetermined threshold amount;
- (d) deleting any frames that differ from the previous adjacent frame by an amount less than the predetermined threshold amount until a calculated total difference exceeds the predetermined threshold amount, said calculated total difference being the sum of the differences between each deleted frame and the deleted frame's previous adjacent frame;
- (e) storing the analyzed frame for which the total difference exceeds the predetermined threshold amount; and
- (f) repeating steps (b) through (e) until the entire video sequence has been analyzed, and a decimated subset of frames has been stored.

31-33. (Canceled)

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34. (Currently Amended) ~~The method according to claim 32, wherein the step of selecting a frame to be intentionally deleted includes the steps of:~~ A method of preprocessing a sequence of video frames to produce a decimated subset of frames prior to further processing, said method comprising the steps of:

receiving the sequence of video frames;

selecting a frame from the sequence to be intentionally deleted, said selecting step including:

determining a motion estimation between the frame and an adjacent frame in the video sequence; and

selecting the frame if the motion estimation yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold; and

deleting the selected frame.

35-36. (Canceled)

37. (Currently Amended) ~~The system of claim 20,~~ A system for preprocessing a video sequence to produce a set of views suitable for Structure from Motion processing, said system comprising:

a source for a sequence of video frames;

a storage medium; and

a preprocessor connected to the source and the storage medium, comprising:

means for selecting a frame from the sequence to be intentionally deleted;

and

means for deleting the selected frame;

wherein the means for selecting a frame to be intentionally deleted includes:

means for determining a motion estimation between the frame and an adjacent frame in the video sequence; and

means for selecting the frame, responsive to a determination that the motion estimation yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold.

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38. (Previously Presented) The preprocessor of claim 29, wherein the means for selecting a frame to be intentionally deleted includes:

means for determining whether the frame is essential for connectivity of the video sequence; and

means for selecting the frame, responsive to a determination that the frame is not essential for connectivity of the video sequence.

39. (Previously Presented) The preprocessor of claim 29, wherein the means for selecting a frame to be intentionally deleted includes:

means for determining a motion estimation between the frame and an adjacent frame in the video sequence; and

means for selecting the frame, responsive to a determination that the motion estimation yields a final correlation coefficient above a predetermined threshold.